

Representative Goody Koonis, Republican, West Virginia.

"They can unless you stop it," said Goody.

The committee indicated a willingness to hear Senator Dial, Democrat, South Carolina, who has filed complaint against Judge Landis with the Department of Justice because of the Judge's remarks in the case of the Ottawa, Ill., bank clerk accused of embezzlement, but Senator Dial said all the facts had been obtained from the newspapers.

Mr. Goodykoonis and others insisted the committee should go to the bottom of the Landis case. Representative Callahan, Democrat, Massachusetts, said he would like to talk to the committee later, adding that he did not think Mr. Goody's charges had been substantiated.

The committee then adjourned. Chairman Volstead said it probably would meet again Wednesday to hear any other witnesses who wished to appear. Representative Callahan also is expected to be heard at that time in opposition to the charges.

Several members of the committee were insistent that the charges be fully investigated.

## BOAT THEFT IS LAID TO HOOCH MARINES

Police Think Liquor Smugglers "Borrowed" Jersey City Tug Early To-Day.

The tugboat Joseph J. Thompson of the New York and Newark Tugboat Company was stolen early to-day from "hooker" dock, at the foot of Hudson Street, Jersey City. The watchman had gone away for a few minutes and when he returned there was no trace of the tug.

The police, who believe bootleggers "borrowed" it to use in their smuggling operations, sent out a general alarm. The Thompson had enough steam for an experienced man to get it away during the absence of the watchman.

The Staten Island police later notified the Jersey City authorities that the tug had been seen at Pier 1, St. George. They were unable to determine whether it had followed a collision, was a deliberate scuttling or resulted from grounding through faulty navigation.

## GIRL AND MOTHER GET 5 DAYS IN JAIL

Daughter Goes to Workhouse With Parent After Refusing \$50 Fine for Shoplifting.

Mrs. Sadie Bender, thirty-four, and her daughter Dorothy, eighteen, both of No. 103 Bird Avenue, Jersey City, must serve five days in the workhouse for stealing table linen and wearing apparel worth \$50 from a department store. The daughter was first fined \$50, but on her refusal to pay Justice Francis Murphy and her mother in special sessions to-day permitted her to accompany her mother and also serve five days.

Donald Armstrong, alias Robert Strong, thirty-two, of No. 107 West 14th Street, Brooklyn, a mechanic who, the police say, has a long police record, was sentenced by the same justice to from six months to six years for stealing four milk shirts valued at \$25.

## FRENCH LINE OPENS CLEANSING DEPOT

Station at Havre Will Aid in War on Typhus—More Cases of Sleeping Sickness.

Health Commissioner Copeland got word from the French line to-day it had installed a disinfecting plant at its terminal at Havre and is prepared to see no immigrants embark there not in proper condition to be accepted here.

Seventy-one immigrants were examined at the Barge Office to-day and for the first time in ten days none was found in need of treatment.

The new cases of sleeping sickness were reported yesterday and to-day. Of these nine were in Manhattan. One smallpox patient, a negro from the West Indies, was transferred from the Marine Hospital on Staten Island to the Silverside Hospital near Hell Gate.

## POLICE LIEUTENANTS DINNER

Mayor Hyman to Be Among Speakers at 22d Annual Gathering.

The twenty-second annual dinner of the Police Lieutenants Association will be held to-morrow night in the Hotel Commodore. Among the speakers will be Mayor Hyman, Governor Edwards of New Jersey, Police Commissioner Enright, Gen. Robert L. Bullard, Rear Admiral Joseph C. Glendon, United States Marshal Thomas J. Connelley, Col. Edward J. Connelley, former Secretary of State Hughes and Father Francis P. Duffy.

Others on the date will be Gen. George A. Wingate, Chief Magistrate William McKeloe, the Rev. Luther Wilson, Commodore R. F. Forthright and Frederick Cunliffe Owen. About 1,500 invitations have been sent out.

## BARS VISITORS TO DEBS.

Privilege Withdrawn Because of Attack He Made on President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—D. S. Dickerson, Superintendent of Federal Prison, to-day said the privilege of seeing visitors had been withdrawn from Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader confined in Atlanta Penitentiary.

This step was result of a statement Debs issued attacking President Wilson at the time the President rejected a recommendation for Debs' pardon. Dickerson said: "The Debs statement was to the effect that he was President Wilson who should be a candidate for pardon."

## TWO VANISH IN EXPLOSION.

No Trace Left of Robbers When Nitro-Glycerine Goes Up.

BRAZIL, Feb. 21.—One man was blown to pieces and another is thought to have suffered the same fate when a massive charge of nitro-glycerine exploded at the plant of the Pringle Powder Company at Little Hartington Run, near Derrick City, early to-day.

Officials of the company believe the victims were robbers trying to force an entrance into the plant in order to steal powder.

Persons living at Derrick City were thrown from their beds by the force of the explosion and windows were smashed within a radius of a few miles.

## HUGHES MAY BASE FOREIGN POLICY ON PRESENT TREATY

Washington Studies His Suggestions for Changes and Reservations.

### JOHNSON PRAISES HIM.

Chief of Bitter-Enders Says Appointment Is Not Unsatisfactory.

By David Lawrence. (Special Correspondent of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 (Copyright, 1921).—Senator Hiram Johnson, one of the leaders of the so-called "irreconcilable" group which has opposed the ratification of the Paris treaty in any form, as well as the entrance of the United States in the present League of Nations, said to-day that the appointment of Charles Evans Hughes as Secretary of State in the Harding Cabinet was not at all displeasing to him.

"The appointment of Mr. Hughes," remarked the California Senator in a talk with the writer to-day, "is by no means unsatisfactory to me. I was not one of the group who opposed the appointment. As to international policies, I understand that Mr. Hughes in one of his early talks with Mr. Harding endorsed the tentative policy which Mr. Harding has had in mind for foreign affairs."

"As to Mr. Hughes personally, I know he is an independent minded man. I liked particularly the way he denounced those Republicans who expelled the Socialists from the New York State Legislature. I liked also the warm way in which he recently defended the direct primary system which is so much under attack. Acts like these in the face of the Republican bosses show that Mr. Hughes has a mind of his own."

### HUGHES RESPONDED TO A CALL FOR SERVICE.

Generally speaking, men at the Capitol, whether they have any personal enthusiasm or not for Mr. Hughes were frank to admit that in accepting the portfolio of Secretary of State Mr. Hughes had again responded to the call of service for the Republican party and the country. Everybody here knows that Mr. Hughes was reluctant to leave the Supreme Court of the United States to engage in a political campaign and he was, of course, not anxious to go into the Cabinet, which in a sense means a resumption of political duties, for on no question is there just now such bitter feeling and sharp division of opinion as on foreign policy.

Entirely apart from Mr. Hughes' exceptional qualifications and prestige, the selection of Mr. Hughes has another significance that may not be immediately apparent, but which will be revealed after Mr. Hughes has been in office a short time. Mr. Hughes thinks in straight lines. He will endeavor to meet the pledges which the Republican Party gave at Chicago, but he will work out a foreign policy in his own way.

The fact that Senator Johnson of California is pleased with the selection of Mr. Hughes does not mean that the new Secretary of State has said something or is committed to some policy which is pleasing to the irreconcilable group in the Senate.

On the contrary, an examination of Mr. Hughes' utterances on foreign policy shows that he has maintained a certain flexibility of viewpoint which will come in handy when the many factions of the Republican party start pulling and hauling for their own theories. Here, for instance, are the main points which Mr. Hughes made on the covenant indicating the conditions upon which he might favor the entrance of the United States into the present League of Nations:

- 1.—Omitting the guarantee in Article 10.
- 2.—Suitable limitation as to the field of the League's inquiries and action so as to leave no doubt that the internal concerns of states such as immigration and tariff laws are not embraced.
- 3.—Provision that no foreign power shall acquire by conquest, purchase, or in any other way, any possession on the American continent or the islands adjacent thereto.
- 4.—Provision that the settlement of purely American questions shall be remitted primarily to the American nations, and that European nations shall not intervene unless requested to do so by the American nations.
- 5.—Provision that no member of the League shall be constituted a mandatory without its consent and no European or Asiatic power shall be constituted a mandatory of any American people.
- 6.—Explicit provision that unanimous agreement or decision is required.
- 7.—Provision that any member of the League shall be drawn at its pleasure on a specified notice.

### MAY MAKE TREATY BASIS OF NEGOTIATION.

Mr. Hughes has inclined toward the view that there was a substantial basis in the treaty of Versailles which could be utilized in negotiating a new understanding with Europe. Whether that amount of good in the treaty can best be retained by ratifying the pact with a new set of spe-

## Boys Revel on Snowclad Library Lions; Father and Son on Skis in Warren Street



ONE OF THE LIONS IN FRONT OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY COVERED WITH SNOW. BOYS FIND IT A FINE PLACE TO FROLIC. INTERNATIONAL.

cific reservations, or by negotiating an entirely new treaty with Germany is the particular problem which Mr. Harding has asked Mr. Hughes to solve.

What Hughes says will be done. President-elect Harding believes that a man who came within a few electoral votes of being elected President of the United States and a man who has held a position on the Supreme Court of the United States will be trusted by American public opinion, no matter what his conclusions may be after studying the facts.

During the campaign Mr. Harding expressed broad principles and did not attempt a formula. Mr. Hughes will endeavor to work out a detailed formula, and whether it squares absolutely with the utterances of the campaign is not going to worry Mr. Harding so long as it does square with the plank in the Republican National platform, written by Elihu Root, which committed the party to "an agreement" covering substantially the same general objects as were, from the Republican viewpoint, wrongly phrased by the Democratic Administration.

And when Mr. Hughes gets through with his job his promotion to his old place on the Supreme Court of the United States may be his reward.

## FLETCHER TO BE HUGHES' CHIEF AID

Former Ambassador to Mexico Offered Post of Under Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21 (Associated Press).—Henry P. Fletcher, former American Ambassador to Mexico, is to be Under Secretary of State in the Harding Administration.

The tender of the position to Mr. Fletcher, who is here after spending considerable time in Florida with the President-elect, was made through Charles E. Hughes, whose selection as Secretary of State was announced Saturday by Mr. Harding. Formal acceptance of the position offered him is said to be planned by Mr. Fletcher immediately.

According to information here, Mr. Harding had Mr. Fletcher in mind for service in some diplomatic capacity, and in selecting him for Under Secretary of State consulted Mr. Fletcher's wishes. There have been reports that Mr. Fletcher might be named Ambassador to Tokio.

Mr. Fletcher, who is a Pennsylvanian, has been in the diplomatic service for many years, serving under the Wilson Administration until recently, when he resigned.

## TRACTORS AND MEN CLEAR CITY STREETS; MORE SNOW FORECAST

(Continued From First Page.)

company, said the damp and adhesive quality of the snow made it easy to combat, as it did not drift in the conduits and interfere with the operation of cars. The company mastered the storm with eighty sweepers, scrapers and wing-cars which it kept operating throughout the storm. Gangs worked all night and to-day clearing up the tracks.

Subway and elevated lines ran on schedule though service in the subways was somewhat abnormal as a result of the large overflow crowds that usually use the surface lines. Subways in Brooklyn also were running on almost normal schedules.

Through service on the Sea Beach line, which had been halted by snow that piled up in the open cut, was resumed this afternoon. The B. R. T. reported that the only trouble it was having now was on the West End line, which is running only as far as Bay Parkway, with a shuttle operating to Bay 50th Street. It is hoped to send the trains through to Coney Island by night.

The New York weather forecast for the next thirty-six hours is for increasing cloudiness with rising temperatures, probably followed by rain



ANTON HERNDON AND HIS SON ANTON JR. SKIING IN WARREN STREET.

## BAY RIDGE WOMAN DYING FROM SHOT

Followed Man She Claimed as Common Law Husband and Shooting Resulted.

(Special to The Evening World.) BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 21.—Grace Collins, twenty-three, of No. 437 58th Street, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, is dying in St. Mary's Hospital, Niagara Falls, from the effects of two bullet wounds. Police are holding Charles Gillespie, twenty-eight, a New York Central detective, in connection with the shooting. Gillespie is a former member of the 23d Infantry and served at Fort Hamilton.

The Collins girl came here yesterday and claimed Gillespie to be her common law husband, saying they had lived together four years in New York City. She demanded why it was that he had written her endearing letters after his recent marriage to Marie Burns of this city.

Angry words passed between the couple and four shots were fired. Two took effect on Miss Collins, one bullet in the left shoulder and another in her left breast.

## 3 CHILDREN NEAR DEATH.

"Little Mother" and Her Charges Are Overcome by Gas.

Ida Kowetz, sixteen years old, and her baby brother and sister, John and May, to whom she is "little mother," their own mother being dead, were rendered semiconscious by gas to-day in the kitchen of their home, No. 601 13th Street, Brooklyn.

The coffee pot in which Ida was brewing the morning beverage, boiled over and extinguished the flame of the gas stove. She failed to turn the lever and in a little while all three were overcome.

They were discovered by Mrs. Mary Benarino, who lives on the floor above. Dr. Carbaugh of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital revived the trio and left them in Mrs. Benarino's care.

## TWO ON TRIAL FOR MURDER.

Alleged Men Shot and Killed Ridgefield Park, N. J., Policeman.

Cy Oberon and William Gleason were placed on trial before Supreme Court Justice C. W. Parker in Hackensack to-day on a charge of murder. It is alleged that following a drunken row on the night of Sept. 7 last they shot and killed Patrolman William Ritter at Ridgefield Park.

An attempt was made to have the trial delayed, or a foreign jury brought in, because of alleged prejudice against the defendants. Mrs. Patrick Henry Maley is assisting her husband as counsel for Gleason.

## STORM CAUSES 12 DEATHS AND INJURY TO MANY

Woman Killed by B. R. T. Subway Train When She Falls From Platform.

The storm was responsible for twelve deaths, and caused many minor accidents in which a number of persons were injured.

Early to-day Oswald Stampfer, fifty-five, No. 378 East 123d Street, collapsed on reaching the 73d Street and Broadway station of the subway and died from exhaustion before an ambulance arrived from Knickerbocker Hospital.

Arthur M. Krewer, sixty-five, a clothing cutter of No. 175 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, dropped dead as he was leaving a B. R. T. train at the Park Row end of the Brooklyn Bridge at 8 o'clock to-day. Dr. Hayken of the Emergency Hospital staff, said death was apparently due to heart failure, which might have been rendered acute by the unusual crush on the train and platform, due to the storm.

Frank Mareno, a driver for Goldberg's dairy, Glendale, Queens, started out in his milk wagon this morning. When the horse came back without wagon or driver, Frank Mareno Jr., and others started out over the missing man's milk route. They found the wagon overturned on Metropolitan Avenue near Continental Avenue. Mareno was unconscious under it. He had been pinned down and could not free himself when a drift turned the wagon over. Finally the horse kicked itself free and went to the barn. Mareno was taken to the dairy office and died there. Exposure caused death.

Local service on the Fourth Avenue subway of the B. R. T. was tied up an hour and twenty minutes when Mrs. Julia Aamodt, fifty, of No. 839 59th Street, Brooklyn, was run over and instantly killed by a train at the Prospect Avenue station, according to the police, as a direct result of the snow.

Mrs. Aamodt, accompanied by her husband, Jens, and a friend, Nels Faldian of No. 415 84th Street, Brooklyn, entered the station just as a three-car southbound train was pulling in. The edge of the platform hit but a few feet from the ticket booth, and Mrs. Aamodt, preceded by her husband and Faldian, walked toward the edge of the platform. As the front car of the train, slowing up, was a short distance from her, and as she neared the edge of the platform, she slipped and fell to the tracks. The forward wheels of the first car passed over her body, which became wedged in the rear truck of that car.

John McAvoy, fifty-five, who lived at the Bowersky lodging house No. 258 Bowersy, was found dead last night in a snowdrift by John Purcell, a truckman, in front of the latter's office at No. 28 Spruce Street. It is believed the man had been shoveling snow in the vicinity.

Returning to his home late Saturday night, William Pink, forty-six, fell exhausted and died in front of his home on Fourth Street, Midland Beach, S. I. Snow hid the body until yesterday afternoon, when a non-John, uncovered it while clearing a path.

Disregarding the advice of relatives and friends, Miss Anna Bailey, sixty-two, of No. 10 Washington Street, Jamaica, insisted upon going in the storm to St. Monica's Catholic Church, at Jamaica, yesterday morning. She was scarcely in her pew before she was seized with an attack of heart disease and was dead before an ambulance could reach the church.

James Wallace of Sterling, Conn., blinded by snow in crossing 36th Street, at Lexington Avenue, was struck by a taxi. At the Italian Hospital it was said he possibly had internal injuries and a fractured skull.

Mrs. Julia Long, forty-eight, No. 300-1-2 West 51st Street, slipped on the ice on the "L" stairs at 50th Street and Ninth Avenue early to-day and broke her hip.

Gaiastino Florio, twenty-one, a sailor from the steamer Sorai, was removed to Bellevue Hospital with frozen feet.

## BROOKLYN GETS MORE GAS.

Kings County Co. Reports Ability to Install New Service.

Peace was signed to-day in the long fight by residents of the Borough Park section of Brooklyn to get gas service from the Kings County Lighting Company. Through a long period the company was unable to supply all applicants and there were many complaints to the Public Service Commission.

To-day the company reported that by the installation of 10,291 feet of mainline a 2,000,000 cubic feet per day increase in plant capacity, 327 new service pipes and 1,839 new meters, the service had been made equal to the demand.

## COAL PLANT BURNED.

Six Buildings in Newark Destroyed; Loss \$100,000.

The plant of the International Coal Products Company, with the exception of the office, at No. 150 Shaw Avenue, Newark, N. J., was destroyed by fire to-day, the loss being estimated at \$100,000. The fire, the cause of which is unknown, broke out in the engine room, and in an hour had consumed six buildings.

## REPRISAL THREAT MADE BY JERSEY MOTOR OFFICIAL

Demands Names of Cops Who Arrested Colyer and Wants Them Disciplined.

Motor Vehicle Commissioner Dill of New Jersey sent letters to-day to Chief Magistrate McAdoo and Magistrate Cobb and House of the Traffic Court, demanding that he be furnished with the names of the policemen responsible for the arrest and confinement in a cell of Douglas S. Colyer of No. 236 Grant Avenue, Nutley, N. J. Mr. Colyer was arrested at 42d Street and Broadway last Saturday for violation of the rules regarding parking.

According to the Commissioner the arrest and confinement of Mr. Colyer for an hour in the West 47th Street Station, when his bail was reduced from \$500 to \$100, was a violation of the agreement between the New York and New Jersey, regarding violations of the Motor Law, which provides that New Jersey motorists shall be served with summonses just like New Yorkers.

Mr. Dill said to-day that if the names were not furnished to him with satisfactory evidence that the policemen concerned had been properly disciplined, he would cancel the agreement and instruct the New Jersey police and automobile inspectors to arrest and look up, pending trial, all New Yorkers who violate the New Jersey automobile ordinances.

## REWARD OFFERED FOR MAIL BANDITS

No Trace Found of the Robbers Who Took More Than \$1,000,000 in Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 21.—It was reported to-day that the loot in last week's mail robbery at the Toledo Post Office amounted to more than \$1,000,000. Post Office inspectors said: "The amount was much higher than expected." Unofficial estimates of the amount of the loot had been placed at between \$400,000 and \$600,000.

Federal authorities to-day offered a reward of \$1,000 for the arrest of each of the five bandits who took part in the robbery. So far no arrests have been made, and police intimate they have found little to help them in a solution of the robbery. No trace has been found of the eleven sacks of mail that were stolen.

## CARRIED HOOCH IN COAT POCKETS

Two Men Arrested in Subway Found to Be Laden With Five Quarts of It.

When Mark Shocum and Giovanni Viorita got on a subway train at Spring and Lafayette Streets this morning a bottle protruded from the coat pocket of one of them. Directly across the car sat Agent Harry Sals of the Federal narcotic squad. Sals says a search revealed the two men had five quarts of whiskey in their pockets. They were held in \$500 bail each by United States Commissioner Hillecock.

A truck containing some empty barrels and two filled with whiskey, according to Policeman Henry J. Platt, was seized at East End Avenue and 38th Street. Frank Frontabbe and Vito Dunbar, in charge of the truck, were held in \$500 bail each.

## Mrs. Barrett Andrews Gets Final Decree.

Supreme Court Justice Young in White Plains to-day signed a final decree of divorce in favor of Mrs. Hannah D. Andrews, prominent in Bronxville society, against her husband, Col. Barrett Andrews of Manhattan. Three months ago an interlocutory decree was granted by Justice Seeger, upon report of a referee. The decree does not provide for any alimony.

## DIVORCE FOR LOUNSBURY.

Justice Colahan Grants Decree to A. E. F. Mau.

A decree of divorce was granted to-day by Justice Colahan to George L. Lounsbury, who went overseas as a private after serving with the Seventy-first New York Infantry on the Mexican border, against Mrs. Kathryn Lounsbury.

The case had been held over for a week by the Justice to give C. Barton Thayer of Baltimore, named by Lounsbury in his suit, an opportunity to deny the charges against himself and Mrs. Lounsbury, which was based on an account of their conduct given by Miss Grace Cameron and her fiancé, Theodore Murdock, for whom Mrs. Lounsbury was chaperone on a fishing party at Brewster, N. Y., in September, 1917, while her husband was on the border.

## RAIDS IN YONKERS MAY BRING CLASH WITH DRY AGENTS

Snag for Anti-Saloon League Seen in Working Independent of Government.

If the Anti-Saloon League persists in its determination to work independently of the Government in obtaining evidence of Volstead Law violations in Yonkers, it is likely to run into a snag which the law itself provides for just such things. Wayne B. Wheeler, counsel to the League, recently organized 1,000 minute men to enforce the law in Yonkers, the theory evidently being either that the Government was lax in enforcement or that the job in question was too big for it. So certain citizens were banded together and it is understood that private detectives will be employed to get evidence.

When any cases which are thus dug up come into the Federal courts the snag will appear. Title No. 2, Section No. 2 of the Federal National Prohibition Act, reads in part:

"The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, his assistants, agents and inspectors shall investigate and report violations of this act to the United States Attorney for the district in which committed, who is hereby charged with the duty of prosecuting the offenders."

No provision is made here for the gathering of evidence, swearing out of complaints and making of arrests by private agencies. Recently there was a case before the Federal authorities, brought by a private detective agency, which sought to have a man tried for violation of the Volstead act. This case was dropped and there was no prosecution because the complaints had not come from the proper source and the arrest had not been made by proper authorities.

The police have been co-operating with the prohibition agents in making arrests and in conducting prosecutions. The reason the Government authorities have honored police complaints is because policemen, like prohibition agents, are regularly employed as law enforcement officers and have a permanent tenure of their jobs.

## \$21,000,000 MORE ASKED BY FRANCE

Got an Additional Credit of \$300,000,000 in April, 1919, Treasury Reports.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—That France had asked and received an additional credit of \$300,000,000 from the Treasury Department in April, 1919, was disclosed before the Senate Judiciary Committee to-day by Nicholas Kelley, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, in charge of foreign loans. France desired this sum, Mr. Kelley said, to cover outstanding commitments to the United States and Great Britain.

Mr. Kelley said France wanted \$65,000,000 to cover British claims against the French government, but decided later that only \$15,000,000 was necessary. The United States had advanced the \$15,000,000, leaving a credit of \$50,000,000, from which France is seeking to obtain \$31,000,000.

## STUYLERS NEW YORK

Announce the opening of a Tea Room 508 Fifth Ave. at 42nd St. New York an exclusive rendezvous for Luncheon and Afternoon Tea